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# SMOOTH ODD FIXED POINT ACTIONS ON $\mathbb{Z}_2$ - HOMOLOGY SPHERES (Geometry, Algebra and Combinatorics in Transformation group theory)

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# SMOOTH ODD FIXED POINT ACTIONS ON $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -HOMOLOGY SPHERES

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**Abstract.** Let  $G$  be  $S_5$  or  $SL(2, 5)$  and let  $\Sigma$  be a homology sphere with smooth  $G$ -action such that the  $G$ -fixed point set consists of odd-number points. Then the dimension of  $\Sigma$  could be restrictive. In this article, we report results on the dimension of  $\Sigma$  and on the tangential  $G$ -representation of a  $G$ -fixed point in  $\Sigma$ .

This is a report of a joint work with Shunsuke Tamura.

## 1. REVIEW OF KNOWN RESULTS

In the present article,  $G$  is a finite group and  $G$ -actions on manifolds should be understood as smooth  $G$ -actions. By various researchers,  $G$ -actions on spheres with finite  $G$ -fixed points have been studied.

Throughout the article, let  $A_n$  and  $S_n$  denote the alternating group and the symmetric group on  $n$  letters, respectively, and let  $C_n$  denote the cyclic group of order  $n$ . First we like to recall several results found so far.

- (1) For  $G = A_5$ , there are  $G$ -actions on  $\mathbb{Z}$ -homology spheres  $\Sigma$  of dimension 3 such that  $|\Sigma^G| = 1$ , e.g.  $\Sigma = S^3/SL(2, 5)$ .
- (2) (E. Stein [30]) For  $G = SL(2, 5)$ , there exist effective  $G$ -actions on the sphere  $S^7$  (of dimension 7) such that  $|S^G| = 1$ .

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- (3) (T. Petrie [26]) Let  $G$  be an abelian group of odd order possessing at least 3 non-cyclic Sylow subgroups. Then there exist effective  $G$ -actions on spheres  $S^n$ , for some integers  $n$ , such that  $|S^G| = 1$ .
- (4) (E. Laitinen–M. Morimoto [11]) A finite group  $G$  has effective  $G$ -actions on spheres  $S^n$ , for some  $n$ , such that  $|S^G| = 1$  if and only if  $G$  is an Oliver group, i.e.  $n_G = 1$  cf. [24, 23].
- (5) (A. Borowiecka [3]) Let  $G = SL(2, 5)$ . Then  $S^8$  does not admit any effective  $G$ -action satisfying  $|S^G| = 1$ .
- (6) (M. Morimoto [15, 17, 18], A. Bak–M. Morimoto [1, 2]) Let  $G = A_5$ . Then there are effective  $G$ -actions on  $S^n$  satisfying  $|S^G| = 1$  if and only if  $n \geq 6$ .
- (7) (B. Oliver [23]) Let  $G$  be an Oliver group, and  $V_1, V_2, \dots, V_m$  are  $\mathcal{P}$ -matched real  $G$ -modules such that  $V_i^G = 0$  for  $1 \leq i \leq m$ . Then there are effective  $G$ -actions on spheres  $S$  and real  $G$ -modules  $W$  such that  $S^G = \{x_1, \dots, x_m, y_1, \dots, y_m\}$  and  $T_{x_i}(S) \cong V_i \oplus W \cong T_{y_i}(S)$  for  $1 \leq i \leq m$ .
- (8) (M. Morimoto–K. Pawałowski [21], M. Morimoto [20]) Let  $G$  be a gap Oliver group, and  $V_1, V_2, \dots, V_m$  are  $\mathcal{P}$ -matched real  $G$ -modules such that  $V_i^N = 0$  for  $1 \leq i \leq m$  and  $N \trianglelefteq G$  with prime power index  $|G : N|$ . Then there are effective  $G$ -actions on spheres  $S$  and real  $G$ -modules  $W$  such that  $S^G = \{x_1, \dots, x_m\}$  and  $T_{x_i}(S) \cong V_i \oplus W$  for  $1 \leq i \leq m$ .

## 2. REPORT OF RESULTS

We define the sets  $T_G$  of integers, for several finite groups  $G$ , as follows.

- $T_{A_5} = [0..2] \cup \{4, 5\}$ .
- $T_{SL(2,5)} = [0..6] \cup \{8, 9\}$ .
- $T_{S_5} = [0..5] \cup [7..9] \cup \{13\}$ .
- $T_{A_6} = [0..7] \cup [9..12] \cup \{14, 15\} \cup \{19, 20\}$ .
- $T_{SL(2,9)} = [0..15] \cup [17..20] \cup \{22, 23\} \cup \{27\}$ .
- $T_{S_6} = [0..15] \cup [17..20] \cup [22..24] \cup [27..29] \cup \{33\} \cup \{38\}$ .

We would like to report the following results.

**Theorem 2.1** (cf. [22]). *Let  $G$  be  $A_5$  or  $SL(2, 5)$  (resp.  $S_5$ ) and let  $\Sigma$  be a  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -homology (resp.  $\mathbb{Z}$ -homology) sphere of dimension  $n$  in  $T_G$ . Then  $\Sigma$  never admits effective  $G$ -actions satisfying  $|\Sigma^G| \equiv 1 \pmod{2}$ .*

Related to Theorem 2.1, we remark the following:

- (1) S. Tamura announced an interesting result: Let  $G$  be  $A_6$  or  $SL(2, 9)$  (resp.  $S_6$ ) and let  $\Sigma$  be a  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -homology (resp.  $\mathbb{Z}$ -homology) sphere of dimension  $n$  in  $T_G$ . Then  $\Sigma$  never admits effective  $G$ -actions satisfying  $|\Sigma^G| \equiv 1 \pmod{2}$ .
- (2) In a recent work of A. Borowiecka–P. Mizerka, they gave certain subsets  $I_G$  (possibly the empty set) of  $[6..10]$  for finite groups  $G$  such that  $|G| \leq 216$  or  $G \cong A_5 \times C_k$  with  $k = 3, 5$ , or  $7$ , and they claimed that if  $n \in I_G$  then there is no  $G$ -action on  $S^n$  satisfying  $|S^G| = 1$ .

**Theorem 2.2.** *Let  $G$  be  $S_5$  and  $n$  a non-negative integer. If  $n$  does not belong to  $T_G$  then there exist effective  $G$ -actions on  $S^n$  satisfying  $|S^G| = 1$ .*

For a  $G$ -manifold  $X$  and  $m \in \mathbb{N}$ , let  $X_0^G$  denote the set consisting of all  $G$ -fixed points  $x$  in  $X$  such that  $\dim T_x(X)^G = 0$ , and let  $X^G(m)$  denote the set consisting of all  $G$ -fixed points  $x$  in  $X$  such that  $T_x(X)$  contains an irreducible real  $G$ -submodule of dimension  $m$ , where  $T_x(X)$  stands for the tangential  $G$ -representation at  $x$  ( $\in X^G$ ) in  $X$ .

**Theorem 2.3.** *Let  $G = A_5$  and  $\Sigma$  a  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -homology sphere with  $G$ -action.*

- (1) *If  $|\Sigma_0^G| \equiv 1 \pmod{2}$  then  $\Sigma^G(3) \neq \emptyset$ .*
- (2) *If  $|\Sigma^G| < \emptyset$  then  $|\Sigma^G(3)| \equiv |\Sigma^G| \pmod{2}$ .*

**Theorem 2.4.** *Let  $G = S_5$  and  $\Sigma$  a  $\mathbb{Z}$ -homology sphere with  $G$ -action. If  $|\Sigma^G| < \infty$  then  $\Sigma^G(6) = \Sigma^G$ .*

Theorem 2.1 follows from Theorems 2.3 and 2.4.

3. IRREDUCIBLE REAL  $G$ -REPRESENTATIONS AND FIXED-POINT-SET DIMENSIONS

In this section, we give basic data to prove Theorems 2.2 and 2.3. For a real  $G$ -representation  $V$  we call data of pairs  $(H, \dim V^H)$  *fixed-point-set dimensions*, where  $H$  ranges over a set of subgroups of  $G$ .

**Case 1.** Let  $G = A_4$ . The irreducible real  $G$ -representations (up to isomorphisms) are  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $U_{3,1}$ ,  $U_{3,2}$ ,  $U_4$ , and  $U_5$ , where  $\dim U_{3,i} = 3$ , and  $\dim U_k = k$ . The  $G$ -actions on  $U_{3,1}$ ,  $U_{3,2}$ ,  $U_4$ , and  $U_5$  are effective. We tabulate fixed-point-set dimensions of irreducible real  $A_5$ -representations.

	$E$	$C_2$	$C_3$	$C_5$	$D_4$	$D_6$	$D_{10}$	$A_4$	$A_5$
$\mathbb{R}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
$U_{3,i}$ ( $i = 1, 2$ )	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
$U_4$	4	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	0
$U_5$	5	3	1	1	2	1	1	0	0

**Case 2.** Let  $G = SL(2, 5)$ . The irreducible real  $G$ -representations (up to isomorphisms) are  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $U_{3,1}$ ,  $U_{3,2}$ ,  $U_4$ ,  $U_5$ ,  $W_{4,1}$ ,  $W_{4,2}$ ,  $W_8$ , and  $W_{12}$ , where  $U_*^Z = U_*$ ,  $W_*^Z = 0$ ,  $\dim \mathbb{R} = 1$ ,  $\dim U_{k,i} = k$ ,  $\dim U_k = k$ ,  $\dim W_{k,i} = k$ , and  $\dim W_k = k$ . The  $G$ -actions on  $W_{4,1}$ ,  $W_{4,2}$ ,  $W_8$ , and  $W_{12}$  are effective.

**Case 3.** Let  $G = S_5$ . The irreducible real  $G$ -representations (up to isomorphisms) are  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $\mathbb{R}_\pm$ ,  $V_{4,1}$ ,  $V_{4,2}$ ,  $V_{5,1}$ ,  $V_{5,2}$ , and  $V_6$ , where  $\dim \mathbb{R} = 1$ ,  $\dim \mathbb{R}_\pm = 1$ ,  $\dim V_{k,i} = k$ , and  $\dim V_6 = 6$ . The  $G$ -actions on  $V_{4,1}$ ,  $V_{4,2}$ ,  $V_{5,1}$ ,  $V_{5,2}$ , and  $V_6$  are effective. The characters of them are as follows.

	$e$	$(4, 5)$	$(1, 2)(4, 5)$	$(1, 2, 3)$	$(1, 2, 3, 4)$	$(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)$	$(1, 2, 3)(4, 5)$
$\mathbb{R}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
$V_1$	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1
$V_4$	4	-2	0	1	0	-1	1
$W_4$	4	2	0	1	0	-1	-1
$V_5$	5	-1	1	-1	1	0	-1
$W_5$	5	1	1	-1	-1	0	1
$V_6$	6	0	-2	0	0	1	0

We tabulate fixed-point-set dimensions of irreducible real  $S_5$ -representations.

	$S_5$	$A_5$	$S_4$	$\mathfrak{F}_{20}$	$S_3\mathfrak{C}_2$	$A_4$	$D_{10}$	$\mathfrak{D}_8$	$S_3$
$\mathbb{R}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
$\mathbb{R}_{\pm}$	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
$V_{4,1}$	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
$V_{4,2}$	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2
$V_{5,1}$	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
$V_{5,2}$	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
$V_6$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	$D_6$	$\mathfrak{C}_6$	$C_5$	$\mathfrak{D}_4$	$D_4$	$\mathfrak{C}_4$	$C_3$	$\mathfrak{C}_2$	$C_2$	$E$
$\mathbb{R}$	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
$\mathbb{R}_{\pm}$	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1
$V_{4,1}$	1	1	0	0	1	1	2	1	2	4
$V_{4,2}$	1	1	0	2	1	1	2	3	2	4
$V_{5,1}$	1	0	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	5
$V_{5,2}$	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	3	3	5
$V_6$	0	1	2	1	0	1	2	3	2	6

Here  $D_m$  are dihedral subgroups of order  $m$  contained in  $A_5$ ,  $C_m$  are cyclic subgroups of order  $m$  contained in  $A_5$ ,  $\mathfrak{F}_{20}$  is a subgroup of order 20 not contained in  $A_5$ ,  $\mathfrak{D}_m$  are dihedral subgroups of order  $m$  not contained in  $A_5$ , and  $\mathfrak{C}_m$  are cyclic subgroups of order  $m$  not contained in  $A_5$ .

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